





vera's fleet was not inside Santiago and that Schley had gone west.

"Is there any particular incident that impresses that upon your memory?"

"Yes, sir, on Sigbee's assurance that the fleet was not in the harbor. I went back to Key West to look for the fleet. When cross-questioned Mr. Hare told the names of the newspaper men who were present at the time."

#### Hill Describes the Battle.

Mr. Hill, who was Chief Boatwain on the Brooklyn during the Santiago campaign, was the second new witness.

Regarding the attempts to coal the ships at sea Mr. Hill stated that the coaling of the Brooklyn, which was the easiest ship to supply, was very difficult.

In the course of his description of the battle of July 3 the witness said:

"Probably fifteen minutes after we started the Spanish ships had nearly all gotten out. There were three of them I could not see enough to touch. Commodore Schley at that time—within five feet of him—and I saw that the Spanish ships had gotten out, and the Viscaya, the second ship, had turned toward us, and we were about to cross the line of our own ships. At that time the order was given to port the helm. I heard Commodore Schley say 'Port!' and the helm was put over hard to starboard, and the Spanish ship never ceased from the time we started to turn until the end of the battle, when the Colon went ashore. The guns were constantly being fired."

#### No Danger To Texas.

"The Texas was our starboard hand and she was fully a third of a mile from us. There was never any question in my mind about striking her. We did not cross anywhere near her. We did not cross her bow. We were slightly ahead and she turned in that way entirely clear of her. After swinging around we lined up parallel with the Spanish fleet. In a few moments the Texas went ashore on fire. Soon after the Oregon followed, and then we sided up with the Viscaya and kept with her for five or six miles. At this time there was not a ship to be seen astern except the Oregon, which was about half a mile from us."

#### Ellis' Death.

"On this run with the Viscaya Ellis was killed. There were fourteen or fifteen of us standing together. The Commodore asked the matter of fact tone: 'What is the range?' Ellis raised the stadiometer to his eye, and as he did so a shell took off his head. As he fell to the deck dead, young McCauley said, 'Let's throw it into the sea.' The Commodore said: 'No, don't throw that body overboard. He died like a brave man, and I am going to bury him like one.'"

#### Schley Stood Unmoved.

"The Viscaya was putting up the best fight of any ship there. She fought well and the big shells were coming over her and a great many of us ducked. These shells sounded like half a dozen railroad trains under way. As they were heard going through the air, the Commodore said: 'No, don't throw that body overboard. He died like a brave man, and I am going to bury him like one.'"

#### A Demonstration.

There was a great outburst of applause in the court room, in a dramatic way, the witness related this incident. Admiral Dewey, for the first time during the trial, rose from his seat and came to the front of the court to pay tribute to the gallant deeds of the men who had fought the battle of Manila Bay. He was as calm, cool and collected as he is at this moment. His only thought was for the men who had fought the battle. He said that this ship has gone ashore and the ship has been ashore. His whole idea seemed to be that he wanted the people below to know as much about it as those of us on deck."

#### Viscaya Wanted To Ram.

Continuing his account of the battle Mr. Hill said that before the Viscaya went ashore she had made a turn to ram the Brooklyn. He was proceeding to say that he knew that the ship was ashore, but that the testimony was ruled out. The witness then said that he himself knew that to be her purpose."

#### Schley's Determination.

Later in the case of the Colon he said that Capt. Cook had put his head out of the conning tower and said to the Commodore: "Don't you think we'd better close in a little?"

"And," said the witness, parenthetically, "I thought so myself. But," he went on, "the Commodore replied, 'No, don't you see that point ahead? Just as soon as that fellow starts to come out I'm going to head him off. I'll get him yet. I don't mind, I'll follow him to Spain if I have to.'"

#### Another Outburst.

This testimony was given in clear and distinct tones and was heard distinctly throughout the large court room. Like a previous statement, it was received with a burst of applause, but the demonstration was quickly suppressed by Admiral Dewey, whose words of reprobation to the audience were followed by the word of admonition from Mr. Rayner to witness. The Admiral raised his hands in deprecation of the demonstration, his face was flushed and he said, "Stop, stop! Let's have none of that."

Mr. Hill was then cross-questioned by Capt. Lemly, and after a few questions put by the court, Mr. Hill was excused and A. A. Ackerman, of the Oregon, was called.

#### Chase of the Colon.

Lieut. Ackerman told of the chase of the Colon. He thought the Brooklyn and the Oregon were about equidistant from the Colon, though the Brooklyn might have been slightly nearer.

Lieut. Ackerman was succeeded on the stand by Mr. F. T. Applegate, who was a gunner on the Brooklyn during the Santiago battle. He was interrogated by Mr. Rayner. He told of the damage done to the Brooklyn's guns during the battle and in describing Schley's conduct said:

"He seemed to be cool, calm and collected and the one who inspired confidence."

#### Another Oregon Officer.

The next witness was Lieut. E. W. Eberle, who was watch and division officer on the Oregon in the Santiago campaign. He had charge of the first gun division, and in that capacity had direct charge of the forward thirteen-inch turret.

He said the Brooklyn had stopped about a mile and a half from the Colon to the westward, while the Oregon had stopped about a mile from that ship to the eastward. The New York, he said,

came up about an hour after the Colon's flag went down.

#### Signals Described.

Lieut. R. G. Johnstone, who was the next witness, was signal officer on the Oregon, and gave a detailed statement of the signals between the Brooklyn and the Oregon during the engagement of July 3. He thought the Oregon and the Brooklyn were about equidistant from the Colon.

#### Marine Commander Testifies.

Lieut. Johnstone was followed by Maj. Paul St. C. Murphy, who commanded the marines of the flying squadron during the Cuban campaign, and who was on the Brooklyn on the day of the engagement of July 3, when he was in charge of the six-inch forward under the forecastle.

In response to a question from Mr. Rayner, Maj. Murphy said he had seen Commodore Schley during the day of the battle of July 3, and that his manner and conduct impressed me as it seems to have impressed every one on the Brooklyn—as that of a brave and resolute officer. He inspired the utmost confidence throughout the ship."

Maj. Murphy was followed by Lieut. Commander Charles H. Harlow, who was executive officer of the Vixen. He stated that the Vixen was on the inner blockade line during the blockade of Santiago and that the guns from the forts fired shells beyond his ship. The court adjourned for the day while Commander Harlow was still on the stand.

### UPSETS HIS PLANS.

#### INDIANA WOMAN HAS REVENGE FOR ALLEGED RUMORS.

#### She Agrees To Marry Her Lover, But Backs Out At Last Moment.

Owensboro, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—Samuel McMurry, a young merchant of Moseleyville, this county, who took Miss Lilly Russell, of the same neighborhood, to Rockport, Ind., to-day, where he expected to marry her, came back here to-night a disappointed man. The couple were old sweethearts and were accompanied by John Harold and Miss Blanche Clary and Albert Cohen and Miss Joseph Hebeck, of the same neighborhood. On reaching Rockport McMurry procured a marriage license and a minister and went to the Veranda Hotel, where he joined Miss Russell, and they stepped out upon the porch where the minister was about to begin to perform the ceremony when the young woman dramatically declared that she would not be married and took her seat, leaving her lover standing in the door.

Miss Russell then said that McMurry and his family had said that she wanted him and couldn't get him. Because of the circulation of this report she determined she would fool him and took this method to do it.

McMurry then went to the County Clerk and asked that the \$2 he had paid for the license be returned to him, and this the clerk refused to do. McMurry and Miss Russell returned to the city to-night, but came in separate burials. All the young people will return to Moseleyville to-morrow morning. Miss Russell is nineteen years old and is pretty, and McMurry is a prosperous young man of twenty-eight. Both belong to good families.

#### Cigars and Dynamite.

"The robber gave me a cigar, commanded me to light it and keep on puffing, as he desired to use it in touching off the dynamite."

"Upon reaching the express car, the robber commanded the messenger to open up. No response came to his demand, I was then compelled to shoot off the dynamite, and as this had no effect upon the express messenger, the robber forced me to crawl into the car through one of the holes blown into the door. As I did so I shouted to the express messenger not to shoot. I was directed by the express messenger to get out. A shot accompanied the command, and I then told the robber that he had no use to try further as the express messenger was here, and that he would be shot. At the same time I called his attention to the fact that the freight was soon due and that he had better get on his way."

#### On To The Mail Car.

"With an oath the robber abandoned the attack on the express car and turned his attention to the baggage car. Assuring himself that there was nothing of value in this car, the robber took the mail car in hand."

The mail car, which was carried by the robber, was compelled to open mail sacks. After the mail was dumped out the robber sorted it and had the messenger hold the sack while he took what he wanted. But one sack of registered mail was taken.

"The robber also helped himself to the messenger's lunch. This ended the work of the robber."

#### Safe Blowers At Work.

The safe blowers at work on the engine and commanded to take him to a point about a mile from Eugene. He told me to stop as soon as the lights of the city could be seen, when he jumped off and disappeared in the darkness in the direction of the river."

#### They Secure Money and Stamps From Ohio Post-offices.

Mount Vernon, O., Oct. 23.—A gang of six safe-blowers visited Centerville, south of here, early this morning. The post-office safe and secured \$200 in money and \$700 in postage stamps. They also blew the safe at the Centerville Central depot, but nothing of value was secured. The Cleveland, Akron and Columbus depot was also gone through. Six men, supposed to be the robbers, have been captured at Reynoldsburg.

#### Tolstoi Again Seriously Ill.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 23.—Count Leo Tolstoi is again seriously ill on the estate of the Countess Palen, near Aloupka, in the Crimea.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY  
This Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Galt's signature is on each box. 25c.

## COMPETITOR

### In the Field For Pocahontas Coal Trust.

#### THE NEW RIVER OPERATORS

#### UNITE TO FIGHT THE BIG COMBINE.

#### OPTIONS ARE OBTAINED.

#### Largest Coal Pier in the World To Be Built At Hampton Roads, Va.

#### FURNITURE MEN ORGANIZE.

Newport News, Va., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—The New River coal operators in West Virginia, who are organizing with a capital of \$40,000,000 to fight the Pocahontas coal trust, recently formed, have just secured options on a large tract of water front property adjoining the Chesapeake and Ohio railway terminals.

#### VALUABLE COAL LAND SOLD

#### To the Elkins-Davis Syndicate In West Virginia.

Parkersburg, W. Va., Oct. 23.—United States Senator Elkins and one of his business partners, Hon. R. C. Kerns, and Fairfax J. Anderson, the active head of the Davis-Elkins coal interests, are in the city. The purpose of their visit was to close up a deal for 25,000 acres of coal lands situated in Gilmer, Braxton and Lewis counties and owned by the Braxton and Lewis companies, which they paid \$500,000. This gives the company nearly 40,000 acres of coal land in this section of the State. The Senator stated that there was no truth in the report that the Baltimore and Ohio railroad would buy the West Virginia Central railroad.

#### WANT LOWER FREIGHT RATES.

#### Demand of Chattanooga Business Men To Be Considered To-day.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Oct. 23.—A meeting of the Rate Committee of the Chattanooga Chamber of Commerce will be held here to-day to consider the demand of the Chattanooga business men for lower freight rates. The committee will take up the report of the committee of the Chattanooga Chamber of Commerce in regard to the adjustment of freight rates to Chattanooga from the East. The meeting is in response to a formal request of the Chattanooga Chamber of Commerce that the rate committee should lower freight rates to Chattanooga from the East. The meeting is the culmination of the efforts of the Chattanooga business men to secure lower freight rates to Chattanooga from the East. The meeting is the culmination of the efforts of the Chattanooga business men to secure lower freight rates to Chattanooga from the East.

#### PERMANENT ORGANIZATION

#### Effected By the Southern Furniture Manufacturers.

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#### TOBACCO MEN ORGANIZE.

#### Growers in the Clarksville District Form An Association.

Clarksville, Tenn., Oct. 23.—A permanent organization was formed by the tobacco growers in the Clarksville district here to-day. The object of the organization is the mutual protection of the members and to stimulate competition among those who buy from the plantations in the district who shall compose the executive committee. The organization is to form local organizations in each county, which shall send delegates to a national meeting to be held here next December.

#### AFTER NEW INDUSTRIES.

#### Two Large Factories May Be Established In Ashland.

Ashland, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—The Board of Trade in this city has received a letter from a Cleveland firm which contemplates the erection of a corrugated metal roofing plant, in connection with the new sheet steel mill, stating that the importance of the work that has been done at Ashland by the United States Government and the railroads. The Board of Trade is also in correspondence with Mr. J. Russell Kelso, of the Cleveland Fence Company, of Ashland, looking toward the establishment of a wire fence factory here.

#### WILL VISIT CHATTANOOGA.

#### Good Roads Train To Be There Next Month.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—Good roads special train of the Southern railway sent out under the auspices of the National Good Roads Association will be in Chattanooga four days, November 12 to 16. President Moore, of the National Good Roads Association, was here to-day and made arrangements to that effect. Gov. McInnis, Senator Eakin and other prominent citizens will be invited to be present.

#### INTERURBAN ROAD

#### Will Be Built From Knoxville To Sevierville, Tenn.

Knoxville, Tenn., Oct. 23.—W. T. Goffe, a promoter of Toronto, Canada, after careful investigation, announces that Canadian capital will build an electric freight and passenger line from Knoxville to Sevierville, Tenn. The line will be forty-eight miles long and, according to Goffe's estimates, will carry 100,000 tons of freight and 300,000 passengers the first year. Not a dollar is asked from local people.

#### Another Machine In Operation.

Scottsboro, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—The Simpson & Allen Oil Company put in operation another machine to-day. The company doing the boring came from Virginia and is at work on the Simpson company line.

sisting of Frank Tilford, William H. Butler and Henry R. Wilson, absolute directors of the new \$10,000,000 Universal Tobacco Company, and H. B. Hollins, Philip Lehman and R. B. Govin, directors of the Havana Commercial Company, with the view of submitting to the shareholders of the latter corporation a plan for the improvement of the situation of the company, the adjustment of its floating debt and the extension of its operations. The announcement is taken in some quarters as meaning that the Universal Company is further fortifying its position in antagonism to the Consolidated Tobacco Company. British tobacco interests have formed the Imperial Manufacturing Company of Great Britain and Ireland with a capital of \$75,000,000, to compete with the Consolidated Tobacco Company in Europe.

#### HARDWARE TRUST PROPOSED.

#### Plan To Unite the Jobbing Interests of America.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 23.—A plan to combine the hardware jobbing interests of the country is on foot. It is believed that if a few of the leading hardware stores in the United States can be brought into the combination, the success of the deal is assured.

The scheme originated with a jobber in Pittsburgh, assisted principally by Boston men, who have interested some of the largest hardware wholesalers, as well as bankers of financial standing.

The plan is to organize a company with a capital of \$100,000,000 having headquarters in New York City, and to control and manage the business of the majority of the large hardware jobbing houses.

#### COURT OF APPEALS DECIDES AGAINST CHURCH TRUSTEES.

#### PURCHASE OF LAND INVOLVED.

#### Claim Made By Twenty-second and Walnut-street Baptist Congregation Not Allowed.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—The Court of Appeals to-day affirmed the judgment of the Law and Equity division of the Jefferson Circuit Court in the case of John H. Weller, et al., trustee, vs. the Fidelity Trust and Safety Vault Company. The trustees of the Twenty-second and Walnut-street Baptist church executed two notes for \$150 each in 1890, in part payment for a lot at Twenty-sixth and Market streets. After the purchase the trustees declined to pay the notes on the ground that there was a portion of the lot which they thought was covered in the purchase which belonged to the city of Louisville. The court holds that the appellant should have known that the portion of ground which was in "common" and was the lower court in entering judgment.

#### Frankfort Woman Obtains Damages.

The case of Adams Express Company vs. Miss Blanche Scofield, of Frankfort, was affirmed by the Court of Appeals to-day. The action was instituted by Miss Scofield, of Frankfort, for damages. Miss Scofield was run over by an express wagon in Shelbyville in July, 1899, and suffered a sprained ankle. The lower court awarded \$500 damages, which this court upholds.

#### Sentence Affirmed.

The Appellate Court confirmed the four-year sentence given Franklin Jackson by the Barren Circuit Court on a charge of "detaining a woman against her will."

#### ASK HOSTILE COUNTRIES TO QUICKLY MAKE PEACE.

Pan-American Congress Takes Cognizance of War Between Venezuela and Colombia.

Mexico City, Oct. 23.—It had been expected that the Pan-American conference would this afternoon get down to a discussion of rules and organization, but an unexpected turn was given to the proceedings by the following resolutions, presented by the delegations signing the same.

Whereas, The American International conference in Mexico considers that peace is the first condition of prosperity and national progress; that progress between the States represented in this conference is indispensable in order that their work be efficient; and that it is the duty of this conference to invoke its common origin, history and solidarity in favor of the peace of the Americas and the solidarity of the governments of the Americas;

Resolved, That the president of the conference shall issue a declaration of peace to the governments of the Americas, and that the governments of the Americas shall be bound to observe the same.

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## INTEREST

#### (Continued From First Page.)

delegates to Kentucky and Mayor Lang to Paducah. Mr. George H. Anderson, of Pittsburg, chairman, made an able address, setting forth that the convention is the logical sequence of the national rivers and harbors improvement, and will indorse the recommendations of that body, but in a more specific way. He announced senatorial courtesy which acts as a barrier to rivers and harbors improvement. President John L. Vance, Gallipolis, Ohio, and Secretary E. P. Wilson, of Cincinnati, were eulogized for their good work.

Capt. A. Frank Ellison, of Cincinnati, delivered an address on "The River Improvement," which was well received by Congressmen B. B. Dovenor, of Wheeling, W. Va.; J. N. Kehoe, of Louisville; and J. A. Hemmingsway, of Indiana.

John F. Dravo, of Pittsburg, Pa., the veteran promoter of the Ohio River Improvement Association, also made an address. The Congressmen all spoke in support of the new work of the association and pledged their influence to the work.

The association's membership will be largely increased at the convention, and a means devised to-morrow of raising revenue to better prosecute the work.

At the banquet to-night among those who responded to toasts were Congressmen B. B. Dovenor, Hemmingsway and Kehoe.

## MUST PAY NOTES.

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## PLANS

## For New Courthouse In Paris Discussed

## BY BOURBON MAGISTRATES.

## ELKS WILL MEET IN GEORGETOWN TO-DAY

## TO FORM STATE ORGANIZATION

## Claim Made That Republican Candidate For School Superintendent In Fayette County

## IS NOT IN ELIGIBLE LIST.

## Paris, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—The Bourbon county Magistrates met this afternoon to consider the matter of rebuilding the burned courthouse. A committee, composed of Magistrates Thomas, Weather and Belmont, was appointed to confer with the insurance adjusters. It is probable that the plan of the former building with some changes in the interior arrangement will be followed.

## County officers are quartered in the Summa building and adjacent houses.

## AN INJUNCTION GRANTED.

## Republican Candidates For School Superintendent May Not Go On the Fayette Ballot.

## Lexington, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—Circuit Judge Watts Parker to-day granted a temporary injunction enjoining County Clerk Claude Chinn from placing on the official ballot the names of H. C. Wilson as the Republican candidate for County Superintendent of Schools. The petition, which was filed by C. J. Bronston, attorney for James H. Applegate, chairman of the County Democratic Committee, alleged that Mr. Wilson did not hold the certificate required by law. An affidavit of Superintendent of Public Instruction H. V. McChesney was filed, stating that there was no record of such certificate in his office and that Mr. Wilson had been examined by the State Board of Examiners, October 4 and 5, 1901, and had failed to pass.

## MUSIC AND FLOWERS

## Add To Attractiveness of Mayfield Street Fair.

## Mayfield, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—The Elks' Carnival had an extensive musical programme to-day and the floral parade was participated in by a large number of the most prominent people of the city. The crowd at the grounds to-day was a record-breaker. Frank James has met thousands of people here and has shaken hands so often that his arm is almost worn out.

## A detective named McCloskey, of Chicago, has been here this week in the interest of the Illinois Central system, and for four or five days in the carnival grounds to-day and drove them out of the city.

## The weather is still beautiful and the Elks are jubilant over the success of the enterprise.

## NEGROES IN A FIGHT.

## Shooting Affray Occurs In Harrodsburg and One Man Is Wounded.

## Harrodsburg, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—A shooting affray with C. L. Agnew and his brother, John Agnew, both colored, on one side, and Louis Leavel, a practicing attorney, also colored, on the other side, took place at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Leavel accused C. L. Agnew of seducing his sister, and when they met all emptied their revolvers, and Agnew was shot in the arm.

## C. L. Agnew came here from Wyandotte, W. Va. Leavel at the time edited the Twentieth-century Literary Digest, and for four or five days in the Reform School at Lexington, John Agnew came here to-day from Louisville to be present at his brother's trial Friday for seduction.

## GAS IN WAYNE COUNTY.

## Strong Flow Struck While Drilling For Oil.

## Monticello, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—Gas is interesting the people in this district more than oil to-day. The Pennsylvania Lubricating Company struck a tremendous gas well last night, while drilling for oil. A pipe was run up fifteen feet and the gas was lighted. It burned twenty feet above the top of the pipe, lighting up the whole country. Its roar can be heard for three miles. The Pennsylvania company intend to pipe the gas to Monticello for light and fuel if it holds out.

## RECEIVER APPOINTED.

## Grant County Court Clerk Alleged To Be Short In Accounts.

## Williamstown, Ky., Oct. 23.—L. M. Gross, County Court Clerk of Grant county, is alleged to be \$750 short in his accounts with the State, and his bondsmen, the United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company, has had a receiver appointed to take charge of the funds which come into the office. Mr. Gross still has control of the business of the office, but Mr. Needham takes charge of the funds.

## ELKS WILL ORGANIZE.

## Plans For State Association To Be Considered In Georgetown.

## Georgetown, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—A meeting of delegates from the Elks' Lodges of the State will be held here to-morrow at noon for the purpose of perfecting a State organization, by which there will be an annual reunion of all the State lodges.

## At night Georgetown Lodge No. 526, will give a social session in honor of the delegates.

## MAIL SACKS CUT TO PIECES.

## Train Runs Over Letters For Vanceburg.

## Vanceburg, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—Train No. 2, of the Chesapeake and Ohio, which passed East at 2:31 o'clock, ran over the mail sacks for this city. In pitching the bags out of the cars the mail clerk did not throw them far enough. The bags were drawn in on the rails, and were literally cut to pieces, their contents being scattered along the track for 200 yards. None of the letters could be distributed.

## Petition Is Refused.

## Bowling Green, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—In the habeas corpus proceedings instituted by James Reine, who

killed Charles V. Savery, of this city, tried before County Judge Drake to-day, the court held that although the Circuit Judge was absent from the county the County Judge has no jurisdiction. The proceedings were instituted by Reine, who has not had an examining trial, for the purpose of securing bail.

## Union County Farmer Bankrupt.

Owensboro, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—George Franklin Powell, of Union county, filed a petition in bankruptcy here to-day. His liabilities are \$21,349 and his assets \$19,165. He owes Sylvester Pike, of Uniontown, \$20,140. Of his debts, \$21,425 is secured. Powell owns land worth \$14,915 and personally, consisting of live stock and farming implements, valued at \$3,742. He is one of the largest farmers of Union county.

## Brother Frustrates Elopement.

Scottsville, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—Clay S. Williams, a young lawyer of this city, and Miss Verdie State, a school teacher, who were to be married to-day, they had not gone far, however, when they were overtaken by Emerson State, a brother of the girl, who was armed with a shotgun. State returned with her brother without objection.

## Hickman A Corn and Cotton Market.

Hickman, Ky., Oct. 23.—This city now has modern machinery for ginning cotton, and vast amounts of cotton are received and ginned here daily. The town has a good cotton market, all the cotton that was previously carried to Lake view, is now being brought here and shipped by river. The corn crop in this vicinity is better than in any other section of the county.

## Landed Estate Sold At Auction.

Lawrenceburg, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—The landed estate of the late Col. Thomas H. Hanks was sold at auction to-day by his executors as required by his will. His home, which is near the city brought the sum of \$5,100. The total sales of real estate amounted to \$22,042. This was the largest auction sale of realty ever held in this county.

## Nominations Not Wanted.

Danville, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—Robert T. Quisenberry has declined to accept the nomination for County Attorney on the Republican ticket to oppose the Democratic candidate, W. J. Price. The place of Coroner is also vacant. The Republican ticket, which it is not probable that a nomination will be made.

## Damages Allowed Against Railroad.

Henderson, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—A verdict was rendered to-day in the suit of John D. Williams' administrator vs. the Illinois Central railroad. The verdict gives judgment for the plaintiff in the sum of \$100. Williams was killed by an Illinois Central train last May and the administrator sued for \$25,000.

## Anderson Democrats Campaign.

Lawrenceburg, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—The Democratic Committee of this county has announced a long list of meetings which will be addressed by the candidates for their ticket, and also by Col. E. H. Taylor, the nominee for State Senator. Meetings will be held in every precinct in the county before the election.

## Aged Bowling Green Woman Dead.

Bowling Green, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—Mrs. Mary E. Carson, widow of a Magistrate O. C. Carson, died this afternoon. She was eighty years of age, and was married in 1845. She was the mother of Dr. J. O. Carson and Miss P. Carson, of this city, and Mrs. James D. Lewis, of Alabama.

## Sentenced To The Penitentiary.

Paintsville, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—In the case of the Commonwealth against Frank Hall and Isom Sloane, charged with assaulting and robbing Dan Davis, the jury this morning returned a verdict of guilty, and also their punishment at confinement in the penitentiary for ten years.

## Damages For Polluted Spring.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—The jury in the case of Hettie R. Webb against the Commonwealth Distilling Company for \$5,000 damages for the alleged pollution of a spring and stream on her farm by distillery slops, granted \$2,500 damages.

## Test Well Caves In.

Monticello, Ky., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—The Duval Valley well, in Clinton county, owned by Robert M. Shores, of Cincinnati, caved in to-day at a depth of one thousand and fourteen feet. This was a test well in new territory.

## Aged Woman Dead.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Oct. 23.—Mrs. E. O. Holt, widow of D. H. Holt, formerly of Louisville, died at her home in this city this morning. She was ninety years of age, and had been a member of the Presbyterian church.

## Louisville Firm Awarded Contract.

Covington, Ky., Oct. 23.—County Clerk

## No External Symptoms.

The blood may be in bad condition, yet with no external signs, no skin eruption or sores to indicate it. The symptoms in such cases being a variable appetite, poor digestion, an indigestible weakness and nervousness, loss of flesh and a general run-down condition of the system.

It is in just such cases that S. S. S. has done some of its quickest and most effective work by building up the blood and supplying the elements lacking to make it strong and vigorous.

"My wife used several bottles of S. S. S. as a blood purifier and to tone up a weak and emaciated system, with very marked effect by way of improvement."

"We regard it a great tonic and blood purifier."—J. F. Duff, Princeton, Mo.

S. S. S. is the greatest of all tonics, and you will find the appetite improves, strength returns, and nervousness vanishes as new rich pure blood once more circulates through all parts of the system.

S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known. It contains no minerals whatever. Send for our free book on blood and skin diseases and write our physicians for any information or advice wanted. No charge for medical advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

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## INDICTED FOR MURDER.

## Indiana Man Accused of Killing His Wife.

## Washington, Ind., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—Frank Purcell was to-day indicted by the grand jury on the charge of wife murder. The indictment was returned on a complaint filed by the State's attorney. It is charged that Purcell beat and killed his wife to death on the night of the 10th inst. The grand jury also indicted Purcell on a charge of having caused the death of his wife by neglect.

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## AN OPEN LETTER

## Address to Women by the Treasurer of the W. C. T. U. of Kansas City, Mrs. E. C. Smith.

## OLD SOLDIERS

## Hold Their Annual Reunion In Knoxville.

## VETERANS OF TWO REGIMENTS

## SURVIVORS OF THE THIRD AND SIXTH TENNESSEE

## TALK OVER OLD TIMES.

## Methodist Conference In Session In Pulaski—Dr. Cherry's Case To Be Investigated.

## CLAIMS THAT HE IS INNOCENT.

## Knoxville, Tenn., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—Several hundred Federal veterans are in Knoxville to-day to attend the reunion of the veterans of the Third and Sixth Tennessee regiments of the Federal army. The exercises of the day were held at Chalmers Park, and the chief feature was the presence of Gen. Joseph A. Cooper, of St. John, Kan., who was at one time commander of the Sixth Tennessee.

## This morning a parade of veterans, headed by a band, passed through the business section of the city. When the park was reached an address of welcome was delivered by Col. W. L. Ledgerwood. The address was in the morning was read by Capt. William Rule, editor of the Journal and Tribune of this city, who was Adjutant of the Sixth regiment. This address was followed by a speech by Gen. Joseph A. Cooper, who was at one time commander of the Sixth Tennessee.

## Both the regiments were organized in Kentucky. The Third Tennessee volunteer regiment was organized at Paducah, Ky., in 1862. The Sixth Tennessee was organized at Paducah, Ky., in 1862. The regiments were both organized in Kentucky. The Third Tennessee volunteer regiment was organized at Paducah, Ky., in 1862. The Sixth Tennessee was organized at Paducah, Ky., in 1862.

## The reunion closed with a campfire to-night.

## MAINTAINS HIS INNOCENCE.

## The Rev. B. A. Cherry Denies That He Is Guilty of Wrong-doing.

## Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—The Rev. B. A. Cherry published a card to-day in one of the local papers, in which he asserts his entire innocence of the charges that have been laid at his door in regard to the destruction of a house owned by him at East Springs, Tenn. Dr. Cherry insists that the transactions at East Springs and at Monticello, in which he was engaged, were for the purpose of trapping the person or persons who had been burning houses in the former place. He says that he was the subject of a subscription, which was filled with trash in the East Springs house and removing the valuable furniture to Monticello in the night time. He also says he has had four houses burned and that of the four only one of them was insured.

## Dr. Cherry insists that the insurance company is at the bottom of the charges against him. He says that he is surrendering himself into the hands of his friends.

## METHODISTS IN SESSION.

## Members of the Tennessee Conference Meet In Pulaski.

## The Tennessee conference of the Methodist Church, South, convened here this morning in eighty-eight annual sessions with Bishop O. P. Fitzgerald presiding and about 250 preachers, delegates and connectional officers present. After devotional exercises and the usual preliminaries, routine matters were taken up.

## The first matter of importance, "Are All the Preachers Blameless in Their Life and Official Administration?" was then considered. The Nashville district was first called, and the roll had not been concluded at the hour of adjournment.

## At a meeting of the presiding elders last night, a venue of twenty preachers was chosen. The venue committee of nine will be nominated to try the case of the Rev. B. A. Cherry. It is expected the matter will be reached to-morrow.

## COMMITTS SUICIDE.

## Prominent Tennessean Sends a Bullet Through His Brain.

## Cowan, Tenn., Oct. 23.—Capt. Henry Hawkins, a prominent citizen and a Mason of high standing, sixty years of age, committed suicide at his home here last evening by shooting himself through the head with a thirty-eight caliber revolver. The ball entered under the chin and went through the brain. He was alone in his room at the time and was discovered by his son. He leaves a widow and six children. No cause is given.

## Fall From Window Proves Fatal.

## Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 23.—John F. Conroy, of Urbana, Ohio, fell out of a third-story window of the Clarendon Hotel at 3 o'clock this morning and died of his injuries at 10 o'clock. No one knew how the accident occurred. Conroy came here two days ago to attend the trotting races.

## MR. STONE SAID TO BE AGREED UPON.

## Messrs. Deboe and Boring Reported To Have Agreed On Him To Succeed Mr. Sapp.

## Mr. Sam H. Stone is again tipped to succeed Mr. Charles E. Sapp as Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fifth district. The information comes from a Republican who is said to know, although neither Senator Deboe nor Congressman Boring will talk. It is said that Mr. Stone was decided on over Mr. J. A. Craft at the conference held some days ago by Messrs. Boring, Deboe and Irwin. Mr. Sapp is slated for removal shortly after the November election. It is believed that this much was

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## NOW QUIET.

## But No One Can Predict How Long.

## HOPKINS COUNTY CONDITIONS.

## THE ADJUTANT GENERAL BACK FROM SCENE OF TROUBLE.

## HE TALKS OF THE SITUATION.

## Practically all the chicken coops, fruit boxes, kindling wood and ash barrels, owned by commission merchants and residents in the neighborhood of Floyd and Jefferson streets, went up in smoke yesterday evening. Patrolmen Simons and Kennel made a rigid investigation for several hours to-night for the purpose of ascertaining who had taken up this collection and set fire to it, but up to a late hour were unable to locate the guilty parties. On the other hand they developed a most astounding array of alibis.

## According to information collected every boy in that neighborhood was not only away from Floyd and Jefferson streets, but ten blocks or more away. Possibly thirty boys were questioned by the police. Seven of them said they were out on the corner. Three were fishing on the falls. Three more were on the Point and eleven were either down town as far as Fourth street, or further east. One of the boys declared that they were south of Broadway. One, when questioned, swore that he and four other boys had been in the neighborhood of the burning place, and another said he had only the minute before arrived from Youngtown. In fact the neighborhood was apparently depopulated of boys when the bonfire was touched off.

## WILL OPEN UP MINERAL LANDS.

## Louisville and Eastern Men Form Phosphate and Railroad Company.

## Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday by the Florence Iron, Phosphate and Railroad Company with a capital stock of \$100,000, divided into 1,000 of \$100 each. The incorporators are W. J. O'Hearn, Joseph Kotheimer, Peter Arnold, T. B. Leonard, G. T. Rider, Henry W. Inor and James B. Smith. Each of them has five shares of stock, as given by the articles.

## The object of the company is the operating of a railroad in Kentucky, Tennessee and Alabama and the opening of mineral and phosphate lands, mines and quarries.

## Mr. Leonard said yesterday that Eastern capitalists were interested in the enterprise and that the building of the railroad would begin in sixty days.

## "The road will go from Florence, Ala., to the Tennessee line—Wayne county." This section about a mile or two from the Tennessee line, may not go further than the Tennessee line. The company already controls a large area of mineral lands.

## L. AND N. SWITCHMAN DIES OF INJURIES.

## Both Arms and a Leg Were Cut Off In An Accident Near Lagrange.

## John Ewing, a Louisville and Nashville employe, well known in this city, who has recently made his home at Lagrange, was caught between two freight cars yesterday morning at the latter place, and both arms and one leg were cut off. He was brought to this city at 7:10 o'clock on a local L. and N. train, and was taken to the University Hospital, where he died about 10:30 o'clock from the effects of the injuries.

## Ewing was climbing one freight car, when it was struck on the side by several cars which had been detached from the main line. Ewing was caught between a year ago and for several years, Ewing was chief operator at East Louisville. He quit that work and ran on the road a while. Later, he was employed as a switchman at Lagrange. He leaves a wife and three children.

## PILOTS STUDY THE RIVER WHILE IT IS LOW.

## Pittsburg Steamboatmen Start Down Stream To Make Observations of Channel.

## A number of Pittsburg pilots are on their way to Louisville on the steamer Harbor No. 23. They left Pittsburg Tuesday morning, and are making their annual tour of observation. The object of the trip is to acquaint the pilots with the condition of the channel in order that they may be familiar with all obstructions when a coal-shipping stage is towed. The trip will last about a day, and will average about four miles an hour.

## On the river is low, as is the only time when it can be properly studied.

## Oratorio At St. Paul's Church.

## The full vested choir, under direction of John Mason Strauss, choirmaster, will render Stainer's oratorio, "The Daughter of Jairus," at the service to be given at 4:3



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## TEN PAGES.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1901

## "Business."

Wednesday Evening, Oct. 23.—The bulls had their way in to-day's stock market, the close being strong and at general gains all along the line. The high-priced stocks were again the leaders, these being Northwest, St. Paul, New York Central and Union Pacific. Southern Pacific was also very strong and heavily bought. Money was steady at 3 1/2 per cent, closing at 3.50. Sterling exchange was weaker. Government bonds were weak and railroad firm.

Grain was strong. December wheat closed 1 1/2 up, corn 1/2 up and oats 1/2 higher. Provisions were 2 1/2 up to 5 cents higher. Cotton was easier.

Cattle in Chicago were steady to 30c lower. Hogs were strong and sheep 30c lower.

## The Philippine Campaign.

The report of the Adjutant General of the army shows that on September 25 last the army of the United States consisted of 84,413 officers and men, of whom 42,223 were in the Philippines.

Of special interest is the report of the Philippine campaign for the three years ended on the 30th of June last. During this period 112,227 officers and men served in the Philippines. Of these, 619 were killed and 219 died of wounds after removal from the field, a total of 838. Thus the total deaths from wounds received in battle were about three-quarters of 1 per cent. of the whole number that saw service in the islands. This, of course, is a small proportion for three years of warfare, but is explained by the fact that there were no great battles. The deaths from disease were, as usual, more numerous than those from the dangers of battle. The total deaths were less than 2.5 per cent.

A comparison of these casualties with those of our Civil War will afford a somewhat better idea of the relative number. Of course, the civil struggle was on a vastly larger scale, but so was the number of men engaged. Besides, the Civil War lasted about four years, while the report from the Philippines covers only three. With these reservations the comparison will still show that a very striking contrast. The total enlistments during the Civil War in the armies of the United States were 2,783,241. The total deaths were as follows:

Killed in battle, 67,053  
Died of wounds, 43,012  
Died of disease, 199,720  
Died from other causes, 40,151

Total deaths, 350,936

These deaths were something over 12 per cent. of the total enlistments, or for three years the equivalent of 3 per cent. There were, therefore, considering the length of time and the number engaged but little more than one-third as many deaths in the Philippines as in the Civil War. The killed in battle during the Civil War were, in round numbers, 2 1/2 per cent. of the total enlistments. Adding the number that died of wounds, we find the total that died from the chances of battle was about 4 per cent. of the enlistments. Nearly twice as many died of disease. In the Philippines the number of deaths from disease appears to have been about two and three-quarters times as many as the killed and those that died of wounds combined. The excess of deaths from disease, especially in view of the fact that there were no great battles, is not large enough to make the impression that the climate in the Philippines is so very deadly.

In view of the prospect of pensions in the future, some interest attaches to the mustering out of the Philippine volunteers. The total number of volunteers that served in the islands was 50,002. Of those mustered out, 61 per cent made no claim, upon examination, to have sustained any injury. Of 4,103 claims, 45 claims were allowed, and in eighty-three cases the disability was found to

be due to some other cause. The claim for disability that were allowed were only 3 per cent. of the enlistments. According to precedents, however, it will be at least forty years before all of the men will find out whether they incurred disability or not.

## The Dinner Pail Argument.

One of the curiosities of the vigorous campaign now in progress for the control of New York City is the revival of the "full dinner pail" argument of Senator Hanna. It is brought forward now, not by the Republicans, but by the Democrats. They point out to the voters how much more prosperous they have been under the administration of Mayor Van Wyck than they were under Mayor Strong, the last fusionist to hold that office. As to the fact there is no controversy and the argument is said to have its effect with the voters.

Of course the Republicans are hastening to say that the prosperity of the last few years is not at all due to the administration of Mayor Van Wyck, but to other circumstances. But this is precisely what the Democrats said when the "full dinner pail" argument was sprung upon them. They demonstrated to the satisfaction of all impartial students of our political history that the country had in the main been prosperous under Democratic administrations, and that the panic which broke out in the first year of Mr. Cleveland's second term had been long preparing and was, primarily due to the confession of leading Republicans themselves to the legislation of Congress during the preceding term. They pointed out that the panic of 1873 occurred in the first year of Gen. Grant's second term, at a time when the Republicans had complete control of all departments of the Government. But the students of political history cast but a slender minority of the votes, and the dinner pail argument is credited with having brought many votes to the Republican ticket. It would be equally logical or illogical if a repetition of this argument should now help the Democrats in New York. The argument is just as good in one case as in the other. In both cases we have an instance of the familiar fallacy, post hoc ergo propter hoc—in other words, that the sequence of two events proves that the former is the cause of the latter.

How effective this argument appears to have been may easily be gathered from a glance at the elections that have followed disturbances in business. The panic of 1837 and following years, which began in the first year of Van Buren's Administration, was followed by a Whig triumph in 1840. The panic of 1857, in the first year of Buchanan's Administration, was followed by the success of the Republicans in 1860. To this the division in the Democratic party was the chief contributor, but it is probable that the disturbance in business had its influence also. The panic of 1873 was followed by the sweeping Democratic victories of 1874 and the large popular majority for Tilden in 1876. There was a financial flurry in the spring of 1884 and the Democrats elected a President by reason of a very slender plurality in New York. There were several other more potent reasons for the victory than the financial flurry, but the fact is worthy of mention. The political conditions which followed the panic of 1893 are, of course, well remembered.

It is perfectly clear from these and other examples that the party in power is always held responsible by many voters for disturbances of business, while it also gets more or less credit for business prosperity. A claim that good or bad times result from a mere change of parties does not, of course, command the assent of thinking men. A party may be responsible for bad business conditions, but cool-headed men insist on being shown how they occurred before they will change their party affiliation on account of them. But there are always a certain number of voters who, in times of business depression, will vote for a change, and take the risk of deriving some benefit from it. The argument of a full dinner pail is not strong in logic, but it is sometimes very effective. In New York it is apparently not meant to be taken as a bit of grim humor, but it is presented seriously. It has the merit, at least, of being as fair for one side as it is for the other.

## Marriage of Divorced Persons.

A curious thing has come to light with regard to the defeat in the Triennial Convention of the Episcopal Church of the canon prohibiting the marrying of divorced people even where the person desiring to re-enter the wedded relation was innocent. The lay delegates are said to have been responsible for the rejection of the canon. It occurred to them as it did not to the clerical party which favored the canon that after all it was not the church but the State in which is vested the authorization of marriage, and that hence the church was exceeding its powers when it undertook to limit the action of an agent of the State. The matter is said to have come out in conversation with lay delegates who happened to be lawyers, whereupon it was thought wisest to drop the canon. They took the view that the clergyman in solemnizing marriages was a civil officer and the State the sole judge of the qualifications of the candidates for matrimony.

This matter has interest apart from the strictly religious point of view. A well-known Episcopal clergyman in New York last Sunday preached a vigorous sermon upon the defeated canon in which he did not hesitate to say that had it been enacted he would have defied it. He held that the church had, for example, no right to stand in the way of any man who desired to legalize his relations with a woman, no matter what that man's previous conduct

had been. Christ, he urged, would not have done so. He did not touch upon the legal point which was raised in the convention—at least the report of his sermon made no mention of it—but that has an important bearing upon a number of recent marriages which have occasioned a great amount of comment. For instance, the clergyman who pronounced the ceremony which united the divorced wife of W. K. Vanderbilt to Mr. Oliver Perry Belmont had to suffer severe criticism which he did not deserve under the legal construction which prevailed, or is said to have prevailed, in the convention. The recent case of the marriage of Mr. Flieger is also an instance in point. The clergyman satisfied himself that the divorce the millionaire had secured was justified upon scriptural grounds, but as an agent of the State his officiating at the ceremony was a simple compliance with the law.

The attitude of the convention toward the proposed canon is likely to have far-reaching influence upon the complicated problems arising from divorces. It may lead to a modification of the ultra strict ideas held outside of the Roman Church. It need not, however, modify the right of the clergyman to officiate at a marriage he thinks unfit. Upon matters of conscience he must be his own judge.

## O Golly!

A dispatch from Vienna breaks the news to us that the Arbitrator Zeitung, of that city, announces that Count Goluchowski, the Imperial Minister of Foreign Affairs, is responsible for the President of the Chamber of Deputies not referring to the death of President McKinley on the reassembling of Parliament, the contention being that although it is customary to refer to the deaths of foreign sovereigns, President McKinley, being only an elected President, was not entitled to such a distinction.

Gently, gently, fellow citizens; let us be calm. We are still here, are we not? Does not the roll call demonstrate that fact? There is no evidence to show, is there, that the United States of America has been wiped off the map, and the hole plugged up? Really, there is nothing to indicate that even Count Goluchowski makes any such claim or entertains any such belief as that.

Let us not be hastily stampeded. There is yet time to look around and even make some investigations before we pack our goods and chattels and move off the earth.

Let us be sure, before actually moving, that the Arbitrator Zeitung said what it is represented as saying. Then let us be sure that Count Goluchowski said what the Arbitrator Zeitung says he said. After that we should yet satisfy ourselves whether because Count Goluchowski said what the Arbitrator Zeitung says he said, that necessarily finishes us. We have managed to survive some pretty hard knocks and pass through some pretty trying ordeals the last hundred and odd years, and we believe we are still at the same old stand, despite many positive predictions of our disintegration or annihilation, and despite Count Goluchowski himself.

Before passing out of existence, therefore, let us make sure whether we really have to pass. If Count Goluchowski said what he is reported to have said, does the fact that because we elect our President he is not considered worthy of mention in Count Goluchowski's Chamber of Deputies necessitate us going out of the electing, as well as all other business? We need not despair of eventually pleasing even Count Goluchowski, if we should deliberately determine that pleasing Count Goluchowski is indispensable to our happiness. We had a President, once upon a great many people thought, was not elected, and we may yet have another. Some time in the vicissitudes of nations we may even have a President who, like Count Goluchowski's foreign sovereigns and things, shall have no other claim to the office than that he was born of certain parents, at a certain time, and was good for nothing else but the office, and not even for that.

In the meantime we shall have to worry along without pleasing Count Golly. But we fully believe we can worry along, and without allowing his inappreciation of us to diminish our own appreciation of foreign titles and things by which he sets such store. We may still continue to elect our Presidents, but whenever we want a count or two or other piece of goods in this line, we shall do as we have done heretofore—sell some hogs or kerosene, throw in a fifth-rate female, and buy what we wish in the open market.

A preliminary census report shows that the number of manufacturing establishments in Mississippi increased from 1,698 in 1890 to 4,773 in 1900; the capital invested rose from \$14,896,887 to \$35,311,219; the number of employees from 14,465 to 26,433 and the value of products from \$18,705,834 to \$40,429,000. This is not so much as it might be, but Mississippi is a small State and almost an exclusively agricultural one, so it is sufficient. The Carolinas, Georgia, Alabama and Texas will be the ones to show the real progress of manufacturing in the South.

The people of St. Louis have adopted at the polls charter amendments to enable the authorities to put the city in first-class condition for the World's Fair. The benefits of the exposition are thus already being demonstrated. Good streets and sewers will remain long after the fair shall be only a memory.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has declared the Quaker's "Philadelphia" "ripper" bills unconstitutional. It is something for Pennsylvanians to discover that the State still has a Constitution.

R. J. Hagan and Arthur Beninger

# BIG CROWD

Greeted Democratic Speakers Down-Town.

## DANGER FROM THE BLACKS.

MR. BINGHAM TOUCHES ON THE ROOSEVELT-WASHINGTON DINNER.

MR. C. F. GRAINGER'S SPEECH.

The California Democratic Club of the Eleventh ward had one of the biggest and most enthusiastic rallies of the campaign at Eighteenth and Southgate streets last night. Over 800 voters were present and the deepest interest was shown by them in the addresses made.

Mr. Charles F. Grainger was the first speaker and he was given a splendid welcome. Mr. Grainger spoke briefly, but caught the crowd when he spoke of "our friend, Sapp, to whom Democrats are deeply thankful for driving so many people from the party."

Mr. Robert W. Bingham made a telling speech. He said that while born and reared a Democrat, he had not been a regular Democrat, but that this time he would make only one mark on the ticket.

"I shall give you plainly my reasons for so voting. The Republicans have issued a manifesto by which they claim to stand or fall. Their only claim, as given by them, for your suffrage is that they have reduced the tax rate to \$1.50. This is a mere delusion. The facts are that the low tax rate is due to the skillful energy of Democratic administration, which forced the great corporations for the first time to pay their taxes.

"As to the two tickets, I shall indulge in no abuse, but the Republican ticket can show no clear title. Their primary was so corrupt that it had to be called off. Four of the candidates in the primary are now under indictment for housebreaking and stealing their own party's records.

"The succeeding convention was also so corrupt that they had difficulty in getting many good men to allow their names to be put on the ticket. The Democrats present a ticket named in a fair, open primary, and as a proof, those candidates who were defeated are now fighting for the nominees."

As a further reason, Mr. Bingham said that Louisville depended on Southern trade. The wonderful increase in the city's trade in the past ten years was due to the fact that Louisville has had Democratic administration, and that the Arbitrator Zeitung says he said. After that we should yet satisfy ourselves whether because Count Goluchowski said what the Arbitrator Zeitung says he said, that necessarily finishes us. We have managed to survive some pretty hard knocks and pass through some pretty trying ordeals the last hundred and odd years, and we believe we are still at the same old stand, despite many positive predictions of our disintegration or annihilation, and despite Count Goluchowski himself.

"Two negro women last Sunday went to the Episcopal church, and one of them, when asked why she had done this, said: 'A negro went with the President. We go where we please.'"

"Heretofore, this negro question has been regarded like the old story, 'but it is a grave peril, and it is very probable that we may yet have to restrain the negro by force as a result of the President's action.'"

Mr. George H. Alexander congratulated the Democrats of the Eleventh ward on the success of the State motto: "United, we stand. Divided, we fall."

Mr. Alexander said that Mr. W. A. Meriwether, Republican nominee for County Clerk, was the best man on that ticket. But said that he, when County Assessor, had placed three negroes in his office.

"And if it is elected as County Clerk, your wives, daughters and sisters will have to make acknowledgment to negro dependents."

Mr. Alexander highly complimented the work of Mr. W. J. Semolin, as County Assessor, and in this connection said that he had brought order out of the chaos resulting from Mr. Meriwether's work.

The tax question was taken up, and Mr. Alexander reiterated former statements that the reduction in the tax rate was due to Mayor Weaver, who had given to the city a new charter, an amendment to the 1894 charter, giving to the City Assessor the duty of collecting franchise taxes. The passage of this amendment by the Legislature was the secret of the reduction in the tax rate.

A strong appeal was made by Mr. Alexander for a hearty support of the entire ticket.

Dr. Harris Kelly struck the Republicans straight from the shoulder. He strongly criticized them for endangering the city by closing the saloons, the incinerators and for refusing the gift of Andrew Carnegie, which would have assured a free library for the city.

Added enthusiasm was aroused by short, telling addresses from Messrs. Charles Neumeier, J. G. Smarr, John R. Pritz, R. L. Page and James O'Connor.

The officers of the California Democratic Club of the Eleventh ward, president Mr. Henry H. Gage, secretary Mr. George Berry, treasurer, the Committee on Arrangements for the meeting were Messrs. A. B. Miller, R. J. Murphy and H. T. Emrich.

## Other Speeches.

There was an enthusiastic open-air meeting of Democrats at Shelby and Oak streets last night. Judge James P. Gregory was the chief speaker. Speeches were also made by Frank Hagan and John McCann.

John J. Kelly and Wallace McKay spoke to 200 Democrats at Mulligan Hall, Nineteenth street and Portland avenue, last night.

The Hard-working Democratic Club met at Seventh and Hill streets last night, and was addressed by Upton W. Muir, J. M. Chatterton and William O'Connor. All the speakers were heartily applauded and the meeting was one of the best yet held in the southern part of the city.

The Twelfth-ward Harmony Club held a lively rally at Twenty-sixth and Main streets, last night. Speeches were made by Thomas R. Walsh and Sam Blackburn.

Death resulted about noon.

spoke to a large crowd at Twenty-first street and Griffiths avenue.

## Crescent Hill Rally.

Judge Emmet Field will preside at a big rally to be held to-night at Frank's Hall, in Crescent Hill. Charles F. Grainger, N. M. Uri, T. M. Gilmore and Herman D. Neumeier will speak.

## Mr. McCreary Here.

Former Gov. James B. McCreary was registered at Seibach's Hotel last night. Gov. McCreary reports the condition throughout the State as most favorable for Democratic success. The Republicans, he says, are bending every energy to get at least a majority in the next session of the Legislature, but in all sections of the State are finding that the Democrats are too strong for them.

## DEADLY EXPLOSION OF CAN OF GASOLINE.

Fearful Death Comes To Mrs. Benjamin F. App White Washing Clothes.

Mrs. Benjamin F. App, of 1908 Maple street, was fatally injured by the explosion of a gasoline can yesterday morning. The accident occurred about 8:30 o'clock, and Mrs. App lingered a few hours.

She was the wife of a Louisville and Nashville car cleaner. Yesterday was her wash day, and she used gasoline to bleach the clothes. She was pouring the oil into the boiler, when the can burst and the gasoline was thrown over her head and clothing caught on fire, and she was enveloped by flames. She was in the kitchen, but she ran into the back yard, and the neighbors, who heard her screams, found her groveling in the dust.

James Eason, who reached her first, threw his coat over her head and extinguished the flames. Her face and body were horribly burned, and she was unconscious. Dr. Henry Phillips, who heard her screams, found her groveling in the dust.

She regained consciousness about an hour after the explosion, and she was crying piteously until she died. She is survived by a husband and two children, one of them a four-year-old daughter, and the other an infant son.

## THEATER PANIC

VICTIMS ARE ALL REPORTED DOING WELL.

Manager W. H. Meffert Thoughtfully Visits Each Injured Person.

The Temple Theater panic victims are doing well and it is believed that all will recover. Frank McDonald, who received the worst injuries, is still at the City Hospital. A slight improvement was noticed in his condition yesterday morning, and at midnight it was reported that he was still improving. But his condition is still serious and his recovery is not assured. Reports from the bedside of the other victims were encouraging.

Mr. William H. Meffert, manager of the theater, visited the injured yesterday afternoon, and made careful inquiries as to their condition. He offered and is ready to do everything to alleviate their suffering and hasten their recovery.

The panic on Tuesday afternoon apparently appeared in the theater yesterday's attendance at the theater. Large audiences witnessed both the afternoon and evening performances and the gallery was not deserted.

Some people who were in the rush and were separated from their garments appeared at the theater yesterday day and looked over the assortment which was left after the panic.

Another scare occurred on Fourth avenue yesterday afternoon, at 4:35 o'clock. An alarm of fire was turned in from box No. 42, the one sounded Tuesday afternoon, and the engine again rushed to Fourth avenue and Jefferson.

People along the avenue thought that the theater was again on fire and there was a rush for the corner. The alarm was false and came from the Equitable building.

## MANAGEMENT FIGURES

RECEIPTS AT \$13,000.

Results of Grand Opera Season Are Fully Satisfactory To Those In Charge.

While the exact figures showing the financial results of the grand opera season in Louisville are not yet obtainable, the receipts, in round numbers, according to the management, will not fall much below \$13,000. This sum is decidedly lower than that estimated by some of the laymen who saw the audiences and, knowing the prices charged, did some figuring on their own hook. The box-office returns for the "Lohengrin" performance amounted to almost \$6,000. Cash receipts for "Carmen" to a house that represented a nearly equal outlay of money.

The matinee performance, while adding to the total, cut down the average. The results of the season, however, are satisfactory to the local management. As every music lover was delighted with the artistic beauty of the performances and those of the commercial side of it have no complaint to register, it would seem that the season may be set down as most successful.

## NEGRO DRIVER RUN OVER AND KILLED.

Fell Beneath a Heavily Loaded Wagon and Five Ribs Were Broken.

Joe West, a negro driver in the employ of the McFarland Bros., crushed stone dealers on Fulton street, was run over by his own team and fatally injured yesterday morning. West was driving out Floyd street with a load of stone when his horses became frightened and began to run.

Near A street there are several small bridges. While about to cross one of these the runaway team swerved violently to one side and the spoke of the right front wheel struck a bridge and the horses were thrown violently forward and to the ground. Both front and rear wheels on the right side of the wagon passed over his chest. He was picked up and taken to the City Hospital, where it was found that the spine of the scapula and five ribs on the left side had been crushed. There were also severe internal injuries. Death resulted about noon.

## ED STOKES TROUBLED WITH NIGHTMARE.

From the moment that Edward S. Stokes shot Jim Fisk he has been troubled with nightmares. Mr. Stokes in all of the thirty years since that unhappy incident has never gone to bed except with a violent lying on a couch beside him, and with the gas at full flame. In his early days Stokes was a great student of Shakespeare, and he has told many times at the Hoffman House of what must have been the horrible scene to Brutus when Julius Caesar's ghost appeared to him in the tent at Philippi.

## BRIEF POINTS ABOUT PEOPLE.

Misses Ethel Humphrey, Emily Hussey and Mary Boye, who will sail November 10 for London, will be given a number of farewell entertainments before they go.

Miss Jane Helm will give them a dinner party Thursday, November 10, and Misses Laura and Grace Chase will give them another dinner on November 12.

Mr. J. W. Gaultier, who is in New York, gave a dinner party Saturday evening in honor of Miss Goldie Robinson and Misses Kathleen and Mabel Hussey.

Miss Madge Bonnie has returned home after spending several weeks in Cincinnati with Mrs. John Morse.

Mrs. Logan Murray will give a debutante luncheon to-day in honor of Miss Agnes Crittenden Adams, of New York, and Miss Belle Sheridan Houston.

Miss Hallie Worthington will be introduced to society this evening at a reception given at the home of Mrs. J. C. Worthington, will give.

Mr. Frank Bonnie, of St. Louis, came to the city a few days ago on a short visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bonnie. He was accompanied by his cousin, Mrs. George Frazier.

Miss Laura Ashkuler, of Racine, Wis., is expected in November on a visit to Mr. R. Feinberg. She is a musician of some note and is well known in the West.

Senator W. O. Coleman, of Trimble county, and Dr. Robert Coleman, of Nicholasville, are in the city on a visit to Col. Bennett H. Young.

Mr. and Mrs. George MacLeod and children, of Woodford county, have been in the city for the opera. Mr. MacLeod returned home yesterday, but Mrs. MacLeod and children will be the guests of Mrs. D. L. Morrether, of 225 Third avenue, until Saturday.

Mrs. J. A. Alexander and Mrs. Lucas Broadhead, of Woodford county, have returned home after attending the opera.

Miss Ada Bailey, of Lexington, who was the guest of Mrs. Elsie Casstien during the opera, returned home last night.

Mrs. Edmonia Brown Roberts, of Bardonia, is the guest of Mrs. Hiram Roberts, having come for the opera.

Mrs. Sue Brown Elliott, of Bardonia, is at the Willard Hotel, having come to the city for the opera engagement.

Mrs. Gilbert Cowan will give an informal tea next Tuesday afternoon in honor of Miss Agnes Crittenden Adams, of New York, and Miss Natalie Gilbert, of Utica, N. Y.

Mrs. Garvin Bell gave an informal luncheon yesterday in honor of Mrs. Keaton of Kokomo, Ind., who is the guest of Mrs. William Reamer. The guests were Mrs. Keating, Mrs. Reamer, Mrs. Robert Bell, Mrs. John Bell, Mrs. W. L. Bridgeford, Mrs. Alex. Bell, Mrs. Sam Culbertson and Miss Jennie Bell.

Mr. and Mrs. Donald McDonald have returned home from a short visit to New York and Boston.

Mrs. James Scott, of Fountain Court, will entertain at a dinner this afternoon and to-morrow afternoon.

Mrs. A. M. Chalmers entertained at a dinner yesterday afternoon in honor of Mrs. H. J. Hodgson, of New Orleans, who is the guest of Mrs. George Long.

Miss Annie Tyler left Tuesday for Mr. Sterling on a short visit.

Mrs. William Coleman returned to Indianapolis yesterday after a visit to Mrs. John Middleton.

Mrs. Frederick Breyfogle, of 1915 First street, will give an afternoon euchre party on October 29.

Miss Kate Wallace, of Indianapolis, is the guest of Mrs. A. A. Cowan, who will entertain a few friends informally in her home Monday afternoon.

Mrs. W. G. Simpson, of Frankfort, will reach the city to-day on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Graham Freeland, of the St. James apartment house.

The Rev. Dr. R. J. McBryde, rector of the Robert E. Lee Memorial church of Lexington















THE END OF THE WORLD

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### The New Straight-Fronts.

Just got 'em in! "Elber" and Rogers, Peet & Co. make handsome black unfinished woads and vicunas and natty Scotch patterns. Coats single-breasted, with straight fronts and broad shoulders; high-cut, seven-button vests; peg-top trousers or the other kind. We're the first to show them in Louisville. Prices \$15 and \$20—strictly tailor-built. We invite the dressy young fellows to come in and try 'em on.

Servy Bros

Courier-Journal.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1901

#### CITY FEATURES.

W. T. Spence's Address: Crewe, Va.

#### "PRAIRIE SONG AND WESTERN STORY."

Hamlin Garland To Give a Lecture and Reading At Music Hall.

Mr. Hamlin Garland will be the second of the Louisville Lyceum attractions, appearing at Music Hall, on next Tuesday evening, October 30. The subject of his lecture will be "Prairie Song and Western Story," embellished with readings from his various poems and stories. It depicts the old time prairie form of life and is illustrated with extracts from "Main Traveled Roads," "Boy Life on the Prairie" and "Prairie Songs and Prairie Poems." This lecture has been heard with the greatest enjoyment in the cultured East, as the following extract from the Boston Traveler shows:

"Like James Whitcomb Riley and others of the younger group of poets and novelists, Mr. Garland has the power to read his own work with dramatic effect. He puts his characters before his audience in these readings with the same fidelity with which he writes. The hush at once, the silence broken by sharp cries of the birds, the strange, the strange, the figures of the gray and the brown and the Indian, the away, and the brave pioneer loomed up in the horizon—these and other aspects of the prairie life were depicted. The effect of the whole series of songs is like that of a lovely written but not read epic of the prairie."—Boston Traveler.

This will be only the second entertainment of the Lyceum course. People who are not subscribers will be admitted for fifty cents, but the regular subscribers have to pay only about twenty cents. Books of coupon tickets good for two admissions to the whole course are sold at \$5 and single admissions at \$2.50. They can be had at the office of the Louisville National Banking Company upon application to Maj. John H. Leathers, treasurer.

#### ENTERTAINMENT FOR FREE LIBRARY.

Artistic Programme of Vocal and Instrumental Music, With Recitations.

A musical and literary entertainment will be given at the Highland Baptist church this evening at 8 o'clock, for the benefit of the book fund of the Highland Free Library. The Rev. Mr. T. M. Hawes will give two of the recitations which have won him much reputation as an elocutionist and Mr. Peter J. Schlot will sing a solo, "The Quest." Mrs. Hattie Garriott, a pianist of remarkable technical skill, will render a piano solo, and Miss Bowden will give two recitations. Mrs. Julia Bellett will sing "May Day." The programme is one of artistic merit and will insure an enjoyable evening for every one who attends.

The Highland library is the only free library in Louisville and the calls upon it are so great that there is a painful shortage of books. It is hoped to have the supply increased with the proceeds of this entertainment and in other ways. The work is so promising it ought to be helped along in every way possible.

#### HAVE HOPES OF ONE OF THE ARMY POSTS.

Board of Trade Directors Discuss Probability of Securing This Permanent Addition To City.

The directors of the Board of Trade are of the opinion that one of the four permanent army post sites shortly to be selected will be located near Louisville. At the regular weekly meeting yesterday a great deal of attention was given to the work being done in this connection by the commercial bodies of Louisville and prominent citizens of Jeffersonville and New Albany. The board also received and considered an interesting report from the delegates who were appointed to attend the Baltimore congress for the improvement of the waterways and harbors of the country. The committee made many valuable suggestions to the board as to what should be done on those lines in the future, and the directors adopted the report and will carry out its recommendations. Mr. Charles H. Bohner, Mr. E. Gallati and Mr. Tom O. Hall were the delegates.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup prevents consumption. One-third of the dose in child is to be consumed every four hours.

## NOW AT REST

TRAVELS OF A 70,000-POUND BLOCK OF GRANITE.

Three Days To Move Die of Jefferson Statue From Sixth and River To the Courthouse.

A crowd of twelve weary and soot-be-grimed travelers stopped at the Courthouse at 6 o'clock last evening, and returned thanks that the end of their journey had been reached. For three days they had been on their way from Sixth street and the river. That is pretty slow going, but these men had a 70,000-pound block of granite for luggage. The immense block of granite is the die of the Jefferson statue which is being erected in front of the Courthouse.

It is ten feet square and five feet high. It will be placed upon the granite base, and upon it will rest the bronze statue of Jefferson.

It required twelve men, a team of horses and a wagon load of block and tackle to move it. It was unloaded from the flatcar at the foot of Sixth street on Monday morning. Hickory rollers, twelve of them—were placed beneath it, and the immense ropes and pulleys were placed in position. All day long the horses tugged, and darkness found them at Main street. On Tuesday the block of granite was pulled beyond Market street, and last night when quitting time came it was in front of the Courthouse.

F. E. Gardner, of the Harrison Granite Company, of New York, superintendent of the work, said the block is not solid, or it would have weighed about 115,000 or 120,000 pounds. A hole three feet square was dug in the top. This was necessary to secure a car upon which to ship it.

A flat car with a capacity of 70,000 pounds is rare enough, but to have secured one that would carry 120,000 pounds would have been almost impossible.

#### ORPHANS' BAZAR MEETING WITH SUCCESS.

This Will Be Spaghetti Day, and Tomorrow Will Be Devoted To Little Ones.

A large crowd attended the third night at the Orphans' Bazar. Everything is in perfect working order and the various committees are doing excellently on the articles donated. St. Patrick's booth has a handsome brass bed, valued at one hundred dollars and a very fine leather chair.

St. Mary Magdalene's booth has an upright piano and a basket of needlework sent them from New York. St. Charles' booth has a cabinet bookcase besides a collection of articles from Mexico. Sacred Heart booth has a case of solid silver table ware.

The Catholic booth has a handsome work of art in the picture of the Madonna and child in oil, the work of the artist, and a velvet curtain of rare design is also listed among their numerous articles. St. Michael's booth has a shawl brought from Dublin, Ireland, last week by the Rev. Father Sheridan.

Our Lady's booth has a very rare work of art in the portrait of a saint, said to be the finest article displayed. It is attracting much attention and is making the booth popular.

This will be spaghetti day at the dining room and the dish will be prepared by Mrs. Sid M. Tatro.

To-morrow will be orphans' day and the orphans from the asylum will be brought in to enjoy a few hours at the hall.

#### ANNIVERSARY FOR J. BACON & SONS.

Great Store Beautifully Decorated In Honor of Fifty-six Years In Business.

This week J. Bacon & Sons are celebrating the fifty-sixth anniversary of the opening of their store. Their dry goods store on Market street, near Fourth avenue, has been beautifully decorated for the occasion and they have entertained many visitors.

The decorations are in keeping with the season and everywhere are found the autumn leaves and colors. The pillars, balcony railings and stairs have been covered with the many colored leaves. Deer and foxes, elk heads and antlers are mounted in every convenient spot and carry out the idea of the fall hunt, and the decorations are novel and beautiful.

The members of the firm say that it is a plan that has many followers in the East. In New York and Philadelphia all the large stores have fall openings and upon these occasions the forest is searched for the decorations.

Of course, the Louisville firm has brought on an immense stock in honor of the occasion, and that the people are enjoying the novelty is evinced by the large crowds that daily visit the store.

#### OHIO COMPANY UNDERBID ON ASPHALT WORK.

New Construction In Highlands Will Not Be Begun Until Next Spring.

For the first time, an Ohio company has entered the field and underbid all others, the Ohio and Kentucky Asphalt Company, of Cincinnati, making the lowest bid for the construction of Von Borries, Castledown, Beechwood and Lucia avenues. The price is \$1.80 a square yard and the material Bermuda asphalt. The other bids were as follows: Barber Asphalt Company, \$1.88 and \$2.05 a square yard; Park Company, \$1.95 and \$2; Barber Asphalt Company, \$1.95 and \$2; Green River, \$1.95 and \$2.10; Charles V. Mohler, \$1.95 and \$1.95. The two prices made by each company were on streets where there are car tracks and on streets where there are no tracks, the lower bid in every instance being on the streets without tracks.

The contracts cannot be carried out until next year, as the board will not permit the tearing up of the streets. The citizens living on Von Borries avenue and on the Newburg road beyond the city limits have petitioned the Street Railway Company to lay its track before the street is built.

#### MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Marriage licenses were granted yesterday to Leonard W. Duncan and Elizabeth Todd Hodges, Thomas Maple and Bertha Roberts, Alexander Trumbull and Nellie Anderson, Henry Napier and Theresa Nolan, Henry J. Schornberg and Annie May Ross.

## Did You Ever See Clothing As Good As Brokaw and Winston?

Dunlap and Gibson Hats.

We've been selling good sorts all through our career—good at the start; then better; and year after year we've broadened the field of our goods to meet every demand.

Our clothing is built on honest materials and honest and lasting; tailoring is as good as the highest-priced skilled labor can produce. Hackett's shoemakers make finer shoes than the custom—shoemakers. Brokaw's tailors can and do make fine Dress Coats and Overcoats—often better than the best made-to-measure kind. A prominent tailor said to his salesman, who happened to buy a Dunlap hat here a few days ago: "What you don't go there to buy your hats? They are our strongest competitors."

## Crutcher & Starks

(INCORPORATED.)

## NAUSEA

from over-eating, from over-drinking, from over-exercising, from pregnancy, from riding on the cars, from boat or stage travel, or from any cause will subside at once to the block of granite was pulled beyond Market street, and last night when quitting time came it was in front of the Courthouse.

## BROMO-PEPSIN

Physicians prescribe BROMO-PEPSIN for Nausea as well as for the worst cases of indigestion, flatulence, acidity, biliousness and Mental Depression. No one who has used it can fail to be convinced of its effectiveness during ocean travel. BROMO-PEPSIN is not only a sure and immediate cure for all the ailments just stated, but very important to know it is absolutely safe. Remember the name—BROMO-PEPSIN—and accept no substitutes. It is sold by the CRIST-WEILL CHEMICAL CO., of Washington.

ALL DRUGGISTS, 10c, 25c & 50c.



## DEMOCRATIC CITY AND COUNTY TICKET.

For Mayor, CHARLES F. GRANGER.

For City Tax Receiver, JAMES B. BROWN.

For City Auditor, CHARLES NEUMEYER.

For City Treasurer, JAMES E. CAMP.

For Judge Police Court, JOHN MCCANN.

For Clerk Police Court, ALF V. OLDFAM.

For Bailiff Police Court, WILLIAM BOLGER.

For Prosecuting Attorney, ROBERT J. HAGAN.

For County Judge, JAMES P. GREGORY.

For Commonwealth's Attorney, JOSEPH HUFFAKER.

For County Attorney, SAMUEL B. KIRBY.

For County Jailor, JOHN R. PFLANZ.

For Sheriff, E. T. SCHMITT.

For County Clerk, W. J. SEMONIN.

For Coroner, DR. HARRIS KELLY.

For County Assessor, BENSON O. HERR.

For County Surveyor, ROBERT H. YOUNG.

For County School Superintendent, MRS. ROSA STONESTREET.

FOR STATE SENATORS.

Thirty-sixth District—H. S. McNUTT.

Thirty-eighth District—W. L. WELLER, JR.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES.

Forty-fourth District—HERMAN D. NEWCOMB.

Forty-fifth District—JOHN M. LETER.

Forty-sixth District—JOHN YOUNG.

Forty-seventh District—LAWRENCE REICHERT.

Forty-eighth District—JAMES P. EDWARDS.

Forty-ninth District—H. P. McDONALD.

Fiftieth District—MICHAEL BURKE.

Fifty-first District—THOS. DREWRY.

FOR ALDERMEN.

Abner Harris, Nathan M. Vail, Harry Weissinger, W. J. O'Hearn, R. E. Gilbert, James J. Fitzgerald, Paul C. Barth.

Henry S. Cohn, G. W. Embury, T. J. O'Bryan, Humphrey Knecht, James H. Smith, James H. Smith, Paul C. Barth.

FOR COUNCILMEN.

First Ward—John Baron and Augustus J. Bick.

Second Ward—Barnhard Buckle and William P. Schwarz.

## FINE CUTLERY, ETC.

## FINE CUTLERY. SACRIFICE SALE

OF THE H. REDEMANN STOCK.

WE BOUGHT AT ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

the entire stock formerly owned by H. Redemann, 226 W. Market St. The purchase price was ridiculously low; we will sell it accordingly. We give below a list of some of the articles. There are hundreds of others too numerous to mention. The goods will be sold at our store. Come around and take a look. It will be a regular RUMMAGE SALE

and you will surely find SOMETHING that you need.

Barbers' Razors, finest \$1.50 quality, \$1.00.

Barbers' Razors, \$1.25 and \$2.00 quality, \$1.00.

Barbers' Razors, \$1.50 quality, \$1.00.

Only the finest hand-forged Razors will be found in this stock.

\$1.00 Razor Strops, \$1.00.

\$1.00 Shaving Brushes, \$1.00.

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# Kurtzmann PIANOS

Have Made Their Great Reputation by Constant Use In 20,000 American Homes.

Their sterling qualities of durability, tone and touch, as evinced by a TEST OF OVER FIFTY YEARS, have earned for them the name of "Old Reliable," which has been most richly deserved. They are to-day the

## Most Popular Piano in America

and their popularity is based on honest worth, gained by every-day use by the most musical people.

A very choice assortment of new Uprights, which have been personally selected by a member of our firm at the factory, is now arriving and we invite inspection.

Upright and Square Pianos of other makes taken as part payment for New Kurtzmanns.

## SMITH & NIXON CO.

622 and 624 4th, bet. Walnut and Chestnut Sts.

## OPTICIANS.

T. J. HOWE & CO. OPTICIANS 615 Fourth ave.

HAVE ANOTHER GLASS

Is sometimes a wrong request to make, but if it applies to spectacles when a person is ruining his or her eyes trying to see through the wrong glass, it is a Christian duty. Another glass will give relief where now there is only distress and a forecast of blindness. If you are not satisfied with your present glasses, try ours. We have given hundreds ease and comfort, where other opticians and oculists have failed.

## HEATERS

The Anchor Radiator The Radiant Anchor

AIR-TIGHT HEATERS ALL-NIGHT FIRE-KEEPERS

Beware of imitations. Ask to see them before you buy.

TERSTEGGE, GONMANN & CO.

## LUMBER

J. N. STRUCK & BRO. LUMBER AND MILL WORK

HOTBED SASH STORE FIXTURES

SPECIAL—A. N. STRUCK GENERAL CONTRACTOR

Garden and Chestnut, Louisville, Ky.

## MILL SUPPLIES, ETC.

Valves, Steam Cocks, Injectors, Lubricators, Pipe Fittings, Pipe, Well Casing, Tubes, Metals, Belting, Hose, Packing, Mill Supplies.

## THE AHRENS & OTT MFG. CO.

325-329 W. Main St., Louisville, Ky.

## JEWELRY

A Few Weeks Till Christmas.

Everybody Will Want to Make a Present to Somebody.

Come and pick out your present now and you won't miss the money.

Our stock is complete in everything. Goods marked in plain figures.

## George Wolf & Co. JEWELERS,

FOURTH AND JEFFERSON

## WALL PAPER.

Home Beautifiers.

We have the elements to beautify your home at moderate cost. A few dollars and a little care in the selection of

## Wall Paper

will produce surprising results. Picture Frames made to order.

Montanus 212 Market Street, bet. 2d and 3d.

## ANY VOLTAGE ANY BASE

THE "ORIENT."

Long Life, Brilliant Light, High Economy.

JAS. CLARK, JR., & CO. 819 West Main St., Louisville, Ky.

## HANDKERCHIEFS.

## HANDKERCHIEF SALE A HANDKERCHIEF SALE

## RARE OPPORTUNITY!

We have purchased at about fifty cents on the dollar the entire stock of a large Eastern handkerchief mill, and will put on sale, beginning this morning, the men's goods, thereby offering to the Louisville public the greatest bargains ever offered in this line.

2c For a Man's Fancy-colored Border Hemmed Handkerchief, in a large variety of patterns, worth 5c,